

Conforms to Reg. (EU) 878/2020

Issued on 08/03/2018 Revision n° 3

Rev. Date 30/08/2022

Page

1 of 14

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

210100000067 Code: WHISTLE WATER Product name UFI: CQ10-30UT-G009-78HD

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified Uses Industrial Professional Consumer solvent

Uses Advised Against

Do not use for uses other than those indicated

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name **NEW FADOR S.r.I.** Full address via Mario Calderara, 31 District and Country 25018 Montichiari (BS) Italia

> Tel. +39 030961 243 www.newfador.it

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet info@newfador.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to **NEW FADOR S.r.I.**

+39 030961 243

(08.30 - 17.30)

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

| Flammable liquid, category 2 | H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
|--|------|---|
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1 | H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated |
| | | exposure. |
| Aspiration hazard, category 1 | H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| Eye irritation, category 2 | H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 | H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, | H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| category 2 | | |
| | | |

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:









Signal words: Danger



Conforms to Reg. (EU) 878/2020

Issued on 08/03/2018

Revision n° 3

Rev. Date 30/08/2022

Page

2 of 14

Hazard statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . .

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of the product / container in accordance with current regulations.

Contains: HYDROCARBONS, C9-C12, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, AROMATICS (2-25%)

METHYL ACETATE

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Information not relevant

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

| Identification | x = Conc % | Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) |
|----------------|------------|-------------------------------------|

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C12, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, **CYCLICS, AROMATICS (2-25%)**

 $86 \le x < 90$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, CAS 64742-82-1

STOT RE 1 H372, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336. Aquatic Chronic 2 H411,

EUH066

EC 919-446-0 INDEX -

REACH Reg. 01-2119458049-33

METHYL ACETATE

CAS 79-20-9 $12 \le x < 13,5$ Flam. Liq. 2 H225,

Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, FUH066

EC 201-185-2 INDEX 607-021-00-X

REACH Reg. 01-2119459211-47

METHANOL

CAS 67-56-1 $0.5 \le x < 0.6$ Flam. Liq. 2 H225,

Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H331,



Conforms to Reg. (EU) 878/2020

Issued on 08/03/2018
Revision n° 3
Rev. Date 30/08/2022
Page

3 of 14

EC 200-659-6 INDEX 603-001-00-X

REACH Reg. 01-2119433307-44

STOT SE 1 H370 STOT SE 2 H371: ≥ 3%

STA Oral: 100 mg/kg, STA Dermal: 300 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 3

ma/l

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal firefighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.



Conforms to Reg. (EU) 878/2020

Revision n° 3

Rev. Date 30/08/2022

Page

4 of 14

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well-ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Storage class TRGS 510 (Germany):

3

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

| BGR | България | НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари |
|-----|-----------------|---|
| | | 2020г.) |
| CZE | Česká Republika | Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se |
| | | stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů |
| DEU | Deutschland | Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte. |
| | | MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher |
| | | Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56 |
| DNK | Danmark | Bekendtgørelse om grænseværdier for stoffer og materialer - BEK nr 1458 af 13/12/2019 |
| ESP | España | Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021 |
| FRA | France | Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS |
| GRC | Ελλάδα | Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών |
| | | 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ ``σχετικά με |
| | | την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή |
| | | μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία``» |
| HUN | Magyarország | Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki tényezők |
| | | hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről |
| HRV | Hrvatska | Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama na radu, |
| | | graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021) |
| ITA | Italia | Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81 |
| NLD | Nederland | Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste |
| | | lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit |
| PRT | Portugal | Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os agentes |
| | | químicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos ligados à |
| | | exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos |



Slovensko

SVK

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Reg. (EU) 878/2020

Issued on 08/03/2018 Revision n° 3

Rev. Date 30/08/2022 Page

5 of 14

Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w POL Polska

środowisku pracy

NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 12. augusta 2020, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 356/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zdravia zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s

expozíciou karcinogénnym a mutagénnym faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov

United Kingdom

GBR ΕU OEL EU

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983;
Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

TLV-ACGIH

| HYDROCARBONS, C9-C12, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, AROMATICS (2-25%) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|--|
| Health - Derived no-eff | fect level - DNEL / D | MEL | | | | | | | |
| | Effects on | | | | Effects on | | | | |
| | consumers | | | | workers | | | | |
| Route of exposure | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic | Acute local | Acute | Chronic local | Chronic | |
| | | | | systemic | | systemic | | systemic | |
| Oral | | | | 21 mg/kg | | | | | |
| | | | | bw/d | | | | | |
| Inhalation | | 570 mg/m3 | | 71 mg/m3 | | 570 mg/m3 | | 330 mg/m3 | |
| Skin | | | | 12 mg/kg/d | | | | 21 mg/kg | |
| | | | | | | | | bw/d | |

| Туре | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15min | | Remarks / Observations | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|-----|------------|------------|---------------------------|--|
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | |
| TLV | CZE | 600 | | 800 | | | |
| AGW | DEU | 610 | 200 | 2440 | 800 | | |
| MAK | DEU | 310 | 100 | 1240 | 400 | | |
| TLV | DNK | 455 | 150 | | | | |
| VLA | ESP | 616 | 200 | 770 | 250 | | |
| VLEP | FRA | 610 | 200 | 760 | 250 | SKIN | |
| TLV | GRC | 610 | 200 | 760 | 250 | | |
| AK | HUN | 610 | | 2440 | | | |
| GVI/KGVI | HRV | 616 | 200 | 770 | 250 | | |
| TGG | NLD | 100 | | | | | |
| NDS/NDSCh | POL | 250 | | 600 | | | |
| NPEL | SVK | 610 | 200 | 2440 | | | |
| WEL | GBR | 616 | 200 | 770 | 250 | | |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 606 | 200 | 757 | 250 | | |
| Predicted no-effect cond | centration - PNEC | | | | | | |
| Normal value in fresh wa | ater | | | 0,12 | | mg/l | |
| Normal value in marine | water | | | 0,012 | | mg/l | |
| Normal value for fresh w | vater sediment | | | 0,128 | | mg/kg | |
| Normal value for marine | water sediment | | | 0,013 | | mg/kg | |
| Normal value for water, | | 1,2 | | mg/l | | | |
| Normal value of STP mi | croorganisms | | | 600 | | mg/l | |
| Normal value for the foo | d chain (secondary poiso | oning) | | 20,4 | | mg/kg | |
| Normal value for the terr | restrial compartment | | | 0,042 | | mg/kg | |
| Health - Derived no- | -effect level - DNEL / Effects on | DMEL | | | Effects on | | |

| Normal value for the terrestrial compartment | | | | 0,042 | 1115 | gring | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|----------|---------------|------------------|
| Health - Derived no-eff | ect level - DNEL / D | OMEL | | | | | | |
| | Effects on | | | | Effects on | | | |
| | consumers | | | | workers | | | |
| Route of exposure | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic | Acute local | Acute | Chronic local | Chronic |
| | | | | systemic | | systemic | | systemic |
| Oral | | | | 44 mg/kg | | | | |
| | | | | bw/d | | | | |
| Inhalation | | | 152 mg/m3 | 131 mg/m3 | | | 305 mg/m3 | 610 mg/m3 |
| Skin | | | | 44 mg/kg bw/d | | | | 88 mg/kg bw/d |
| | | | | | | | | |

| METHANOL | | | | |
|----------------------|---------|--------|------------|--------------|
| Threshold Limit Valu | ie | | | |
| Туре | Country | TWA/8h | STEL/15min | Remarks / |
| | | | | Observations |



Conforms to Reg. (EU) 878/2020

Revision n° 3

Rev. Date 30/08/2022

Page

6 of 14

| 01 | | 0/ /- | | systemic | | systemic | | systemic |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------|---------------|----------|--------------------|----------|---------------|----------|
| Route of exposure | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic | Acute local | Acute | Chronic local | Chronic |
| | Effects on consumers | | | | Effects on workers | | | |
| Health - Derived no-et | ffect level - DNEL / [| OMEL | | | | | | |
| Normal value for the terres | | | | 100 | mg/l | | | |
| Normal value of STP micro | oorganisms | | | 100 | mg/l | | | |
| Normal value for water, int | termittent release | | | 1540 | mg/l | | | |
| Normal value for marine w | ater sediment | | | 7,7 | mg/l | | | |
| Normal value for fresh wat | ter sediment | | | 77 | mg/l | ·g | | |
| Normal value in marine wa | ater | | | 2,08 | mg/l | | | |
| Normal value in fresh wate | er | | | 20,8 | mg/l | | | |
| Predicted no-effect concer | ntration - PNEC | | | | | | | |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 262 | 200 | 328 | 250 | | | |
| OEL | EU | 260 | 200 | | | SKIN | | |
| WEL | GBR | 266 | 200 | 333 | 250 | SKIN | | |
| NPEL | SVK | 260 | 200 | | | SKIN | | |
| NDS/NDSCh | POL | 100 | | 300 | | | | |
| VLE | PRT | 260 | 200 | | | SKIN | | |
| TGG | NLD | 133 | 100 | | | SKIN | | |
| VLEP | ITA | 260 | 200 | | | SKIN | | |
| GVI/KGVI | HRV | 260 | 200 | | | SKIN | | |
| AK | HUN | 260 | | 1040 | | | | |
| TLV | GRC | 260 | 200 | 325 | 250 | | | |
| VLEP | FRA | 260 | 200 | 1300 | 1000 | SKIN | | |
| VLA | ESP | 266 | 200 | | | SKIN | | |
| TLV | DNK | 260 | 200 | | | | | |
| MAK | DEU | 270 | 200 | 1080 | 800 | SKIN | | |
| AGW | DEU | 270 | 200 | 1080 | 800 | SKIN | | |
| TLV | CZE | 250 | | 1000 | | SKIN | | |
| ΓLV | BGR | 50 | | | | SKIN | | |

Legend:

Oral

Skin

Inhalation

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8 mg/kg bw/d

8 mg/kg bw/d

50 mg/m3

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ;

50 mg/m3

8 mg/kg bw/d

8 mg/kg bw/d

260 mg/m3

260 mg/m3

40 mg/kg

bw/d

260 mg/m3

260 mg/m3

40 mg/kg

bw/d

50 mg/m3

MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

50 mg/m3

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category III professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.



Conforms to Reg. (EU) 878/2020

Issued on 08/03/2018 Revision n° 3 Rev. Date 30/08/2022 Page

7 of 14

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Dranartica

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a type AX filter, whose limit of use will be defined by the manufacturer (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Information

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

Value

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Properties | Value |
|--|--------------------|
| Appearance | liquid |
| Colour | colourless |
| Odour | characteristic |
| Melting point / freezing point | not available |
| Initial boiling point | not available |
| Boiling range | 54-200 °C |
| Flammability | not available |
| Lower explosive limit | not available |
| Upper explosive limit | not available |
| Flash point | < 0 °C |
| Auto-ignition temperature | not available |
| Decomposition temperature | not available |
| рН | not available |
| Kinematic viscosity | not available |
| Solubility | insoluble in water |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | not available |
| Vapour pressure | > 0,1 hPa |
| Density and/or relative density | 0,799 |
| Relative vapour density | not available |
| Particle characteristics | not applicable |
| | |

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

not classified as explosive, Explosive properties contains no explosive

Art. (14 (2))

substances according to CLP



Conforms to Reg. (EU) 878/2020

Issued on 08/03/2018 Revision n° 3

Rev. Date 30/08/2022

Page

8 of 14

Oxidising properties

the product is not an oxidizing

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

METHANOL

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with skin.

PEOPLE: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

METHANOL

The minimum lethal dose to humans by ingestion is considered to be in the range of 300 to 1000 mg / kg. Ingestion of 4-10 ml of the substance can cause permanent blindness (IPCS) in adult humans.

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l
ATE (Oral) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C12, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, AROMATICS (2-25%)

LD50 (Dermal): > 4 mL/kg bw
LD50 (Oral): > 15000 mg/kg rat
LC50 (Inhalation vapours): > 8,2 mg/l/4h

METHYL ACETATE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 2000 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Oral):
 6482 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 > 49,2 mg/l/4h Rabbit



Conforms to Reg. (EU) 878/2020

Issued on 08/03/2018
Revision n° 3

Rev. Date 30/08/2022 Page

9 of 14

METHANOL

STA (Dermal):

LD50 (Oral): STA (Oral):

LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

STA (Inhalation vapours):

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Respiratory sensitization

Information not available

Skin sensitization

Information not available

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

Information not available

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

Information not available

Effects on or via lactation

Information not available

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Causes damage to organs

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on acquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

METHANOL

 LC50 - for Fish
 15400 mg/l/96h

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 10000 mg/l/48h

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 22000 mg/l/72h

METHYL ACETATE

LC50 - for Fish > 250 mg/l/96h

300 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

1187 mg/kg Rat

100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

43,68 mg/l/6h Rat

3 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)



Conforms to Reg. (EU) 878/2020

Issued on 08/03/2018

Revision n° 3

Rev. Date 30/08/2022

Page

10 of 14

EC50 - for Crustacea 1026,7 mg/l/48h EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 120 mg/l/72h

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C12, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, AROMATICS (2-

25%)

LC50 - for Fish 10 mg/l/96h LL50
EC50 - for Crustacea 10 mg/l/48h EL50
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 4,6 mg/l/72h EL50
Chronic NOEC for Fish 0,13 mg/l 28d
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 0,28 mg/l NOELR
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 1 mg/l NOELR

12.2. Persistence and degradability

METHANOL

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

METHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water 243500 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C12, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, AROMATICS (2-25%)

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

METHANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -0,77
BCF 0,2

METHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,18

12.4. Mobility in soil

METHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: soil/water 0,18

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.



Conforms to Reg. (EU) 878/2020

Revision n° 3

Rev. Date 30/08/2022

Page

11 of 14

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID. IMDG. IATA: 1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkane, cyclic, aromatic (2-25%) I METHYL

ACETATE)

IMDG: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkane, cyclic, aromatic (2-25%) I METHYL

ACETATE)

IATA: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkane, cyclic, aromatic (2-25%) I METHYL

ACETATE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: Environmentally

Hazardous

IMDG: Marine Pollutant

IATA: NC

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 30 Limited Tunnel Quantities: 5 restriction

Special provision: -

IMDG: EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Limited Quantities: 5

ı

IATA: Cargo: Maximum

Maximum Packaging quantity: 220 instructions: L 366

Pass.: Maximum Packaging quantity: 60 L instructions:

355

code: (D/E)

Special provision: A3

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant



Conforms to Reg. (EU) 878/2020

Issued on 08/03/2018

Revision n° 3

Rev. Date 30/08/2022

Page

12 of 14

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c-E2

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3 - 40

Contained substance

Point 75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (AwSV, vom 18. April 2017)

WGK 3: Severe hazard to waters

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2
Acute Tox. 3 Acute toxicity, category 3

STOT SE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 1
STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H311 Toxic in contact with skin.
H331 Toxic if inhaled

H331 Toxic if inhaled.H370 Causes damage to organs.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.



Conforms to Reg. (EU) 878/2020

Issued on 08/03/2018

Revision nº 3

Rev. Date 30/08/2022

Page

13 of 14

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP) 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability



Conforms to Reg. (EU) 878/2020

Revision n° 3
Rev. Date 30/08/2022
Page

14 of 14

and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11. Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 01 / 02 / 09 / 11 / 15.