SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code:	**F_159**
Product name	**DETERGENTE ACETO+ MILLEUSI 2lt DEXAL**
UFI :	**V7R8-T0V9-R00U-959P**

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
hard surface cleaner	-	✔	✔

Uses Advised Against

Do not use for uses other than those indicated

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name	**NEW FADOR S.r.l.**
Full address	**via Mario Calderara, 31**
District and Country	**25018 Montichiari (BS)**
	Italia
	Tel. +39 030961 243
	www.newfador.it
e-mail address of the competent person	
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	**info@newfador.it**

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to	**emergency number: 112**

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.
Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:

Signal words:	Warning
Hazard statements:	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements:	
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P264	Wash your hands thoroughly after use.

P280	Wear eye protection / face protection.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.

Ingredients (Regulation 648/2004)

Less than 5%	Cationic surfactants, Non-ionic surfactants

Perfumes, Limonene

Disinfectants (Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides)

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.
The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Information not relevant

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	**x = Conc. %**	**Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)**
acetic acid 80 %		
INDEX 607-002-00-6	5 ≤ x < 7	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Skin Corr. 1A H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: B
EC 200-580-7		Skin Corr. 1A H314: ≥ 90%, Skin Corr. 1B H314: ≥ 25% - < 90%, Skin Corr. 1C H314: ≥ 25% - < 90%, Skin Irrit. 2 H315: ≥ 10% - < 25%, Eye Dam. 1 H318: ≥ 25%, Eye Irrit. 2 H319: ≥ 10% - < 25%
CAS 64-19-7		
REACH Reg. 01-2119475328-30		
ETHANOL		
INDEX 603-002-00-5	1,5 ≤ x < 2	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319
EC 200-578-6		Eye Irrit. 2 H319: ≥ 50%
CAS 64-17-5		
REACH Reg. 01-2119457610-43		
ALCOHOLS, C12-13, BRANCHED AND LINEAR, ETHOXYLATED		
INDEX -	1 ≤ x < 1,5	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412
EC 931-954-4		Eye Dam. 1 H318: ≥ 10%, Eye Irrit. 2 H319: ≥ 1% - < 10%

CAS 160901-19-9		LD50 Oral: >300 mg/kg
REACH Reg. 01-2119490233-42		
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl C12-C16 (even numbered)-alkyldimethyl chlorides		
INDEX -	0,2 ≤ x < 0,25	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
EC 270-325-2		LD50 Oral: 795 mg/kg
CAS 68424-85-1		
REACH Reg. 01-2119983287-23		
ETHYL ACETATE		
INDEX 607-022-00-5	0 < x < 0,05	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC 205-500-4		
CAS 141-78-6		
REACH Reg. 01-2119475103-46		
MORPHOLINE		
INDEX 613-028-00-9	0 < x < 0,05	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318
EC 203-815-1		LD50 Oral: 1050 mg/kg, ATE Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation vapours: 35,1 mg/l/1h
CAS 110-91-8		

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.
In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.
EYES: Remove, if present, contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so easily. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.
SKIN: Take off contaminated clothing. Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water (and soap if possible). Get medical advice. Avoid further contact with contaminated clothing.
INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.
INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. Get medical advice/attention.

Rescuer protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.

Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment

Running water for skin and eye wash.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT
The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.
UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT
None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE
Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION
Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.
SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS
Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.
Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

BGR	България	НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.28 от 2 Април 2024г.)
CZE	Česká Republika	NAŘÍZENÍ VLÁDY ze dne 18. října 2023, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
DEU	Deutschland	WirkungDosisNOAELMAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste 2024 Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe
DNK	Danmark	BEK nr 291 af 19/03/2024 (Historisk) Bekendtgørelse om grænseværdier for stoffer og materialer (kemiske agenser) i arbejdsmiljøet
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2024
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en FranceDécret n° 2021-1849 du 28 décembre 2021
FIN	Suomi	HTP-VÄRDEN 2020. Koncentrationer som befunnits skadliga. SOCIAL - OCH HÄLSOVÅRDSMINISTERIETS PUBLIKATIONER 2020:25
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ ``σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία``»
HUN	Magyarország	Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről
HRV	Hrvatska	PRAVILNIK O IZMJENAMA I DOPUNAMA PRAVILNIKA O ZAŠTITI RADNIKA OD IZLOŽENOSTI OPASNIM KEMIKALIJAMA NA RADU, GRANIČNIM VRIJEDNOSTIMA IZLOŽENOSTI I BIOLOŠKIM GRANIČNIM VRIJEDNOSTIMA
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NOR	Norge	Forskrift om endring i forskrift om tiltaksverdier og grenseverdier for fysiske og kjemiske faktorer i arbeidsmiljøet samt smitterisikogrupper for biologiske faktorer (forskrift om tiltaks- og grenseverdier), 21. 10. april 2024 kl. 13.55

NLD	Nederland	Regeling van de Minister van Sociale Zaken en Werkgelegenheid van 13 mei2024, nr. 2024-0000092805, tot wijziging van deArbeidsomstandighedenregeling in verband met de implementatie vanRichtlijn 2022/431
PRT	Portugal	Decreto-Lei n.º 102/2024, de 4 de dezembro. Sumário: Transpõe para a ordem jurídica interna a Diretiva (UE) 2022/431, relativa à proteção dos trabalhadores contra riscos ligados à exposição a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos e procede à quarta alteração
POL	Polska	ROZPORZĄDZENIE MINISTRA RODZINY, PRACY I POLITYKI SPOŁECZNEJ z dnia 24 czerwca 2024 r. zmieniające rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy
ROU	România	HOTĂRÂRE nr. 179 din 28 februarie 2024 pentru modificarea şi completarea Hotărârii Guvernului nr. 1.093/2006 privind stabilirea cerinţelor minime de securitate şi sănătate pentru protecţia lucrătorilor împotriva riscurilor legate de expunerea la agenţi ca
SWE	Sverige	Arbetsmiljöverkets föreskrifter och allmänna råd (AFS 2023:14) om gränsvärden för luftvägsexponering i arbetsmiljön
SVK	Slovensko	121_2024 Z. z. Nariadenie vlády o ochrane zdravia zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou karcinogénnym, mutagénnym alebo reprodukčne toxickým faktorom pri práci
SVN	Slovenija	Pravilnik o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti rakotvornim, mutagenim ali reprotoksičnim snovem pri delu. Ljubljana, četrtek 4. 4. 2024
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

acetic acid 80 %

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	25		37		
TLV	CZE	25		35		
AGW	DEU	25	10	50	20	
MAK	DEU	25	10	50	20	
TLV	DNK	25	10			
VLA	ESP	25	10	37	15	
VLEP	FRA			25	10	
HTP	FIN	13	5	25	10	
TLV	GRC	25	10	37	15	
AK	HUN	25		25		
GVI/KGVI	HRV	25	10			
TLV	NOR	25	10			
VLE	PRT	25	10			
NDS/NDSCh	POL	15		30		
NGV/KGV	SWE	13	5	25	10	
NPEL	SVK	25	10			
MV	SVN	25	10			
OEL	EU	25	10	50	20	

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC		
Normal value in fresh water	3,058	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,306	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	11,36	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	1,136	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	30,58	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	85	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0,47	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Inhalation	25 mg/m3		25 mg/m3		25 mg/m3		25 mg/m3	

ETHANOL

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	1000				
TLV	CZE	1000		3000		
AGW	DEU	960	500	1920	1000	
MAK	DEU	960	500	1920	1000	
TLV	DNK	1900	1000			
VLA	ESP			1910	1000	
VLEP	FRA	1900	1000	9500	5000	
HTP	FIN	1900	1000	2500	1300	
TLV	GRC	1900	1000			
AK	HUN	1900		7600		
GVI/KGVI	HRV	1900	1000			
TLV	NOR	950	500			
TGG	NLD	260		1900		
NDS/NDSCh	POL	1900				
NGV/KGV	SWE	1000	500	1900	1000	
NPEL	SVK	960	500	1920		
WEL	GBR	1920	1000			

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC		
Normal value in fresh water	0,96	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,79	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	3,6	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	2,9	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	2,75	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	580	mg/l
Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning)	0,38	mg/kg
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0,63	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				87 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				114 mg/m3				950 mg/m3
Skin				206 mg/kg bw/d				343 mg/kg bw/d

ETHYL ACETATE

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	800				
TLV	CZE	700		900		
AGW	DEU	1500	400	3000	800	
MAK	DEU	1500	400	3000	800	
TLV	DNK	540	150			
VLA	ESP	1460	400			
VLEP	FRA	1400	400			
HTP	FIN	1100	300	1800	500	
TLV	GRC	1400	400			
AK	HUN	1400		1400		
GVI/KGVI	HRV		200		400	
TLV	NOR	550	150			
TGG	NLD	550		1100		
NDS/NDSCh	POL	200		600		
NGV/KGV	SWE	500	150	1100	300	
NPEL	SVK	1500	400	3000		
WEL	GBR		200		400	
OEL	EU	734	200	1468	400	

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC		
Normal value in fresh water	0,24	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,024	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	1,15	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,115	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water, intermittent release	1,65	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	650	mg/l
Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning)	200	mg/kg
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0,148	mg/kg/d

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				4,5 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	734 mg/m3	734 mg/m3	367 mg/m3	367 mg/m3	1468 mg/m3	1468 mg/m3	734 mg/m3	734 mg/m3
Skin				37 mg/kg bw/d				63 mg/kg bw/d

MORPHOLINE

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	36	10	72	20	
TLV	CZE	35	9,66	70	19,32	

AGW	DEU	36	10	72	20	SKIN	
MAK	DEU	36	10	72	20		
TLV	DNK	36	10			SKIN	E
VLA	ESP	36	10	72	20		
VLEP	FRA	36	10	72	20		
HTP	FIN	36	10	72	20	SKIN	
TLV	GRC	36	10	72	20		
AK	HUN	36		72			
VLEP	ITA	36	10	72	20	SKIN	
TLV	NOR	36	10			SKIN	
TGG	NLD	36		72		SKIN	
VLE	PRT	36	10	72	20		
NDS/NDSCh	POL	36		72		SKIN	
TLV	ROU	36	10	72	20		
NGV/KGV	SWE	35	10	72	20		
NPEL	SVK	36	10	72	20		
MV	SVN	36	10	72	20	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	36	10	72	20	SKIN	
OEL	EU	36	10	72	20		

Legend:
(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.
VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.
When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.
Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION
Protect hands with category III work gloves.
The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, permeability time.
The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION
Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION
Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387).

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS
The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	liquid	Temperature: 20 °C
Colour	colourless	Temperature: 20 °C
Odour	characteristic	Method: internal
Melting point / freezing point	0 °C	Method: literature data Substance: WATER
Initial boiling point	100 °C	Method: literature data Substance: WATER Initial boiling point: 100 °C
Flammability	not available	Reason for missing data: The substance/mixture is not flammable
Lower explosive limit	not available	Reason for missing data: This property is not relevant to the safety and classification of this product.
Upper explosive limit	not available	Reason for missing data: This property is not relevant to the safety and classification of this product.
Flash point	> 100 °C	Reason for missing data: The substance/mixture is not flammable Method:ASTM D93 19
Auto-ignition temperature	not available	Reason for missing data: This property is not relevant to the safety and classification of this product.
Decomposition temperature	not available	Reason for missing data: It only applies to authoritative substances and mixtures, organic peroxides and other substances and mixtures that they can decompose
pH	2.5 ± 0.4	Method: internal method Temperature: 20 °C
Kinematic viscosity	not available	Reason for missing data: not determined
Dynamic viscosity	not available	Reason for missing data: not determined
Solubility	Complete in water	Method: internal Temperature: 20 °C
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available	Reason for missing data: does not apply to inorganic and ionic liquids and, as a rule, it does not apply to blends
Vapour pressure	0,02 Atm	Method: internal Substance: WATER Vapour pressure: 17,5 mmHg Temperature: 20 °C
Density and/or relative density	0,998	Method: internal Temperature: 20 °C
Relative vapour density	0,0006	Method: internal Remark: kg/dm3 Substance: WATER Temperature: 0 °C

Particle characteristics

Median equivalent diameter

Remark: It only applies to solids

Size distribution

Remark: It only applies to solids

Dustiness

Remark: It only applies to solids

Specific surface area

Remark: It only applies to solids

Shape

Remark: It only applies to solids

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Explosive properties	not available	Reason for missing data: Absent chemical groups associated with explosive properties in accordance with the provisions of Annex I, Part 2, chap. 2.1.4.3 of Reg. (EC) 1272/2008 – CLP
Oxidising properties	not available	Reason for missing data: Absent requirements related to the presence of atoms or chemical bonds associated with oxidizing properties in the molecules of the components according to Annex I, Part 2, 2.13.4 Reg. (CE) 1272/2008

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

ETHYL ACETATE
Decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

MORPHOLINE
On contact with: strong oxidising agents, reducing agents, strong acids, strong bases. May develop: heat.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

acetic acid 80 %

Risk of explosion on contact with: chromium (VI) oxide, potassium permanganate, sodium peroxide, perchloric acid, phosphorus chloride, hydrogen peroxide. May react dangerously with: alcohols, bromine pentafluoride, chlorosulphuric acid, dichromate-sulphuric acid, ethane diamine, ethylene glycol, potassiun hydroxide, strong bases, sodium hydroxide, strong oxidising agents, nitric acid, ammonium nitrate, potassium tert-butoxide, oleum. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

ETHANOL
Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals, alkaline oxides, calcium hypochlorite, sulphur monofluoride, acetic anhydride, acids, concentrated hydrogen peroxide, perchlorates, perchloric acid, perchloronitrile, mercury nitrate, nitric acid, silver, silver nitrate, ammonia, silver oxide, ammonia, strong oxidising agents, nitrogen dioxide. May react dangerously with: bromoacetylene, chlorine acetylene, bromine trifluoride, chromium trioxide, chromyl chloride, fluorine, potassium tert-butoxide, lithium hydride, phosphorus trioxide, black platinum, zirconium (IV) chloride, zirconium (IV) iodide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

ETHYL ACETATE
Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals, hydrides, oleum. May react violently with: fluorine, strong oxidising agents, chlorosulphuric acid, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

acetic acid 80 %
Avoid exposure to: sources of heat, naked flames.

ETHANOL
Avoid exposure to: sources of heat, naked flames.

ETHYL ACETATE
Avoid exposure to: light, sources of heat, naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

acetic acid 80 %
Incompatible with: carbonates, hydroxides, phosphates, oxidising substances, bases.

ETHYL ACETATE
Incompatible with: acids, bases, strong oxidants, aluminium, nitrates, chlorosulphuric acid. Incompatible materials: plastic materials.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.
It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:	Not classified (no significant component)
ATE (Oral) of the mixture:	>2000 mg/kg
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:	Not classified (no significant component)

acetic acid 80 %

LD50 (Dermal):	1060 mg/kg Rabbit
LD50 (Oral):	3310 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	11,4 mg/l/4h Rat

ETHANOL

LD50 (Oral):	> 5000 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	120 mg/l/4h Pimephales promelas

ALCOHOLS, C12-13, BRANCHED AND LINEAR, ETHOXYLATED

LD50 (Dermal):	> 2000 mg/kg rabbit
LD50 (Oral):	> 300 mg/kg rat

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl C12-C16 (even numbered)-alkyldimethyl chlorides

LD50 (Oral):	795 mg/kg rat

ETHYL ACETATE

LD50 (Dermal):	> 20000 mg/kg rabbit
LD50 (Oral):	4934 mg/kg rat

MORPHOLINE

LD50 (Dermal):	500 mg/kg Rabbit
LD50 (Oral):	1050 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	35,1 mg/l/1h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

acetic acid 80 %	
LC50 - for Fish	> 1000 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 300,82 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 1000 mg/l/72h
ETHANOL	
LC50 - for Fish	14200 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	454 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	275 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	250 mg/l
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	96 mg/l
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	11,5 mg/l
ALCOHOLS, C12-13, BRANCHED AND LINEAR, ETHOXYLATED	
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 1 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus
EC10 for Crustacea	> 0,1 mg/l Daphnia magna

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl C12-C16 (even numbered)-alkyldimethyl chlorides

LC50 - for Fish	0,85 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss
EC50 - for Crustacea	0,016 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	0,025 mg/l Daphnia magna,21d

ETHYL ACETATE

LC50 - for Fish	230 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 590 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	3300 mg/l/72h Scenedesmus subspicatus
Chronic NOEC for Fish	6,9 mg/l Pimephales promelas
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	2,4 mg/l Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

acetic acid 80 %

Solubility in water	> 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

ETHANOL

Solubility in water	1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

ALCOHOLS, C12-13, BRANCHED AND LINEAR, ETHOXYLATED
Rapidly degradable

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl C12-C16 (even numbered)-alkyldimethyl chlorides
Rapidly degradable

ETHYL ACETATE

Rapidly degradable

MORPHOLINE

Solubility in water	1000 - 10000 mg/l

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

acetic acid 80 %

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	-0,17

ETHANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	-0,35

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl C12-C16 (even numbered)-alkyldimethyl

chlorides
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,88

ETHYL ACETATE
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,68 Log Kow
BCF 30

MORPHOLINE
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -2,55
BCF < 0,65

12.4. Mobility in soil

acetic acid 80 %
Partition coefficient: soil/water 1,153

ALCOHOLS, C12-13, BRANCHED AND LINEAR, ETHOXYLATED
Partition coefficient: soil/water 3,69

MORPHOLINE
Partition coefficient: soil/water -0,6196

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.
Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.
The management of waste arising from the use or dispersal of this product must be organised in accordance with occupational safety regulations. See section 8 for possible need for PPE.
CONTAMINATED PACKAGING
Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

not applicable

14.4. Packing group

not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

not applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point	3 - 40

Contained substance

Point	75	acetic acid 80 % REACH Reg.: 01-2119475328-30
Point	75	ETHANOL REACH Reg.: 01-2119457610-43
Point	75	MORPHOLINE
Point	75	(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE REACH Reg.: 01-2119529223-47
Point	75	propan-2-ol REACH Reg.: 01-

Point	75	2119457558-25 linalool REACH Reg.: 01-2119474016-42

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004

Ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004

The surfactant(s) contained in this preparation complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (AwSV, vom 18. April 2017)

WGK 1: Low hazard to waters

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion, category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion, category 1C
Skin Corr. 1	Skin corrosion, category 1
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration

- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

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2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:
The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.
This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.
The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.
Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.
CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION
Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.
Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.
Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:
The following sections were modified:
01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 15 / 16.